- 1 Frank Liu
- 2 304 S. Jones Blvd #3416
- 3 Las Vegas, NV 89107
- 4 818-835-0498
- 5 <u>frank.liu.96@gmail.com</u>
- 6 Pro Se Plaintiff

7 8

U

9 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 10 FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

11

Frank Liu	Case #1:22-cv-09084-JHR-OTW
Plaintiff,	
	Motion to Strike Defendants' Motion to Dismiss
VS.	(ECF 54)
The Nielsen Company (US) LLC	
and	
TNC US HOLDINGS	
Defendants.	

1213

14

15 16

17

18

19

20

21

22

MOTION AND NOTICE OF MOTION

Plaintiff believes Defendants' entire motion to dismiss should be stricken due to their unnecessary delay in filing it. Plaintiff moves to strike the entirety of Defendants' motion to dismiss (ECF 54) because it was filed over 7 months after Plaintiff filed his Amended Complaint. Plaintiff believes Defendants misled the Court with their reason why they haven't filed a response to Plaintiff's amended motion, and should not be allowed to file a motion to dismiss over 7 months after Plaintiff filed his amended complaint. After striking the untimely motion to dismiss (ECF 54), the Court should order Defendants to file an answer within 21 days.

1	Table of Authorities	
2	FRCP rule 15(B)13	
3	FRCP 6(a)14	
4	10 Del. C. § 8118(a)12	
5	NY General Obligations Law, Section 5-3369, 10, 17	
6		
7		
8		
9	Table of Contents	
10	INTRODUCTION3	
11	BACKGROUND3	
12	ANALYSIS5	
13	Defendants' Delay Has Prejudiced Plaintiff6	
14	Plaintiff Believes his Amended Complaint was Filed on Time13	
15	Defendants Trickery14	
16	Defendants' Purposeful Neglect16	
17	Defendants Filed to Preserve Their Record16	
18	Conclusion17	
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
29		

INTRODUCTION

Defendants failed to raise any concern in regards to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint being untimely to the Court prior to the December 20, 2023 status conference, and in ECF 60, Cardelle Spangler even admitted "Defendants have never opposed the Court accepting Plaintiff's Amended Complaint." Since Defendants have never opposed Plaintiff's Amended Complaint, Defendants should have filed their motion to dismiss back in July of 2023 (within 21 days of Plaintiff's Amended Compliant filed on, or sought an extension before the expiration date passed. Instead, Defendants gamed the system and waited until December 20, 2023 to raise the question to the Court after they were asked by Judge Wang why they had not filed a responsive pleading.

BACKGROUND

On the December 20, 2023 status conference, Honorable Judge Wang asked Defendants why they haven't filed an answer or motion to dismiss yet. Mr. Smith alleged Defendants did not file a motion to dismiss because Plaintiff's amended complaint was untimely and they were waiting for the Court to decide on if they would accept it.

Below is an excerpt of the transcript Mr. Smith sent me of the status conference call, and Plaintiff understands those to be Mr. Smith's words. (Plaintiff added the red underlining for emphasis):

```
20
21 19 dismiss. Mr. Liu then filed an amended complaint that we
22 20 understand to be submitted untimely. If the Court accepts that
23 20 complaint, we do intend to file a motion to dismiss, so we
24 would need just a briefing schedule on that. But that would be
```

Prior to the status conference, Defendants never informed Plaintiff they believe Plaintiff's amended complaint was untimely. Furthermore, prior to the status conference, it does not appear Defendants ever informed the Court that Plaintiff's amended complaint was untimely because there is no public record of such.

1	In ECF 60, Spangler wrote a letter to the Court saying admitting "Defendants have	
2	never opposed the Court accepting Plaintiff's Amended Complaint."	
3	Plaintiff's Amended Complaint, including at the parties' December 20, 2023 status conference with the Court. During that conference, the Court accepted Plaintiff's Amended Complaint and set a briefing schedule for Defendants' renewed motion to dismiss, which required Defendants to file their motion by	
4		
5	January 26, 2024. Defendants followed this schedule and submitted their Motion to Dismiss the Amended Complaint on that date. (ECF No. 53.)	
6	Since Defendants never opposed Plaintiff's amended complaint, then Defendants should	
7	have filed their responsive pleading (motion to dismiss or an answer to amended complaint)	
8	within 21 days of Plaintiff's Amended Complaint. Defendants' failure to raise an issue and	
9	Spangler's admission Defendants "have never opposed the Court accepting Plaintiff's	
10	Amended Complaint" is proof positive of why Defendants' over 6 month late motion to	
11	dismiss should be stricken in its entirety. Plaintiff asks the Court to consider these	
12	circumstances, and immediately strike Defendants' ECF 54 and order Defendants file an	
13	answer within 21 days of the Court's ruling on this motion to strike.	
L4	Furthermore, the Court did not appear to know they had to rule on Plaintiff's	
15	Amended Complaint because:	
16	1. Judge Wang had to ask Defendants why they haven't filed an answer or motion to	
17	dismiss Plaintiff's Amended Complaint on the December 20, 2023 status conference call.	
18	2. Defendants failed to raise an issue with the Court that Plaintiff's Amended	
19	Complaint was untimely until one of Defendants' attorneys (Mr. Smith) was asked by Judge	
20	Wang why Defendants haven't filed a responsive pleading in response to Liu's Amended	
21	Complaint. It was only at that time, did Mr. Smith bring up the subject for the first time	
22	that alleged Plaintiff's amended compliant was untimely.	
23	3. Due to Defendants' lack of action and never raising the issue before the December	
24	20, 2023 status conference, Defendants objections that Liu's Amended Complaint was	
25	untimely is an unfounded reason why Defendants had not filed a responsive pleading to	
26	Liu's Amended Complaint.	
27	4. If Defendants had an issue with the timeliness of Plaintiff's amended complaint, they	
28	should have wrote a letter to the Judge, or perhaps motioned to strike Plaintiff's amended	
29	complaint, or perhaps filed something to make the issue known. Defendants did not make	

the issue known, and only presented that excuse when Judge Wang asked Defendants why they hadn't filed an answer or motion to dismiss.

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

4 ANALYSIS

If the Court reviews the record, they will see that Plaintiff's amended complaint was **NOT untimely**. Once that is established, Plaintiff believes the Court should immediately strike Defendants' (over 6 month late) motion to dismiss because Defendants' conduct not only has prejudiced plaintiff but attempts to game the legal system.

Furthermore, even if the Court decides Plaintiff's Amended Complaint was untimely, Defendants' motion to dismiss <u>should still be stricken</u>. Throughout litigation, attorneys are supposed to anticipate objectionable issues and call them to the other party and the court's attention, so that the opposing party can respond and the court can course-correct before the final judgment. Because Defendants failed to call the issue to the Court's attention, Defendants don't magically get over 6 months to file a motion to dismiss because that would be an abuse of the justice system and gamesmanship. If Defendants' tactics were allowed, this would allow parties to refuse filing responsive pleadings if they somehow believed or claimed to believe the opposition parties' pleading was late.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

17

Plaintiff Objected to Defendants being allowed to file a late motion to dismiss within 14 Days of the December 20, 2023 Status Conference

Plaintiff <u>timely</u> objected to the December 20, 2023 status conference decision when Judge Wang gave Defendants until January 26, 2024 to file their motion to dismiss.

Plaintiff objected to this by emailing Judge Wang's chambers, and Defendants' attorneys -

Cardelle Spangler and Aubrey Smith as see below:

```
Request to confer for Motion to Compel

F L <frank.liu.96@gmail.com>
Tue, Jan 2, 2024 at 1:19 PM
To: "Spangler, Cardelle" <CSpangler@winston.com>, Wang NYSD Chambers <Wang_NYSDChambers@nysd.uscourts.gov>
Cc: redacted email address "Smith, Aubrey" <BASmith@winston.com>

Dear Judge Wang,

I will be seeking to strike Defendants' motion to dismiss when they file it because I believe it will be untimely. Their argument presented by Mr. Smith on the last call was they held off because they believe my Amended Complaint was late and was waiting for the Court to decide on it. Yet, they made no attempt to write to the Court about the issue nor strike my amended complaint until the question of they didn't file a responsive pleading to my amended complaint was raised by Hon. Judge Wang. I do not believe Defendants should have months to procrastinate on their motion to dismiss, therefore I will motion to strike their motion to dismiss when they file it.

Thank you.

[Queeted text hidden]
```

The email was sent on Jan. 2, 2024, which was within 13 days from the December 1 20, 2023 status conference. Furthermore, this motion to strike is filed on time because it 2 has a file date of February 26, 2024 as ordered by the Court, and the deadline has not 3 passed. While on the other hand, Defendants gave a false reason or excuse and had the 4 Court grant them an extension several months after their responsive pleading was past due. 5 It is undisputed that Defendants have three (3) lawyers attached to the lawsuit while 6 Plaintiff has zero lawyers. Defendants should have filed their motion to dismiss within 21 7 days after Plaintiff's Amended Complaint. Defendants chose not to file anything in order to 8 unnecessary delay the lawsuit from proceeding to discovery which has prejudiced Plaintiff. 9 10 Furthermore, although the Court set the date of January 26, 2024 for Defendants to file their Amended Complaint based on the misleading information presented to the Court 11 by Defendants, there might not be an official order filed on the docket to object to. Plaintiff 12 believes the Court was misled by Defendants and did not have enough time to fact-check, 13 and therefore Plaintiff's motion to strike is filed in good faith in an attempt to correct things 14 based on Defendants' gamesmanship. Because the January 26, 2024 was done on the status 15 conference call, within 14 days, Plaintiff emailed Judge Wang about his objection to 16 Defendants being allowed to file an untimely motion to dismiss, and made his intention 17 clear that he planned to strike it. 18

20 **De**

19

21

22

28

29

Defendants' Delay Has Prejudiced Plaintiff

On October 16, 2023, Plaintiff reached out to Ms. Spangler asking to confer about a motion to compel because Defendants ignored Plaintiff's discovery request.

Request to confer for Motion to Compel

Request to confer for Motion to Compel

PL -frankliu 96@gmail.com>
to Cardelle, Laura, Aubrey

Ms. Spangler,

I previously sent you an email titled "Requesting my New Jersey Sedgwick Case Files (case 1.22-cv-09084)" in which I have received no response.

I believe before a party files a motion to compel a response to discovery, the party must make a good faith effort to confer with the other party.

Please let me know when we can confer as I plan to file a motion to compel discovery.

Thank you.

Cardelle Spangler replied back informing Plaintiff of the following:



Nowhere in Spangler's email did Spangler state Plaintiff's amended complaint was untimely. In a later email, Spangler also stated there was no need to meet and confer:

8
Spangler, Cardelle - Spangler@winston.com>
to Aubrey, me, Caitlin ▼
Your request is premature. In addition, a request by email is not appropriate. Accordingly, there is no need for a meet and confer.

Thank you,

Cardelle

Cardelle Spangler
Winston & Strawn LLP
D: +1 312-558-7541
winston.com

Spangler appears to have been waiting for the Court to "approve" my amended complaint and <u>did not</u> even petition or update the Court about what she was waiting on, and just assumed Defendants didn't have to file anything so Defendants could stop discovery from happening. It wasn't until the December 20, 2023 status conference did Mr. Smith allege my Amended Complaint was untimely and that was the reason why Defendants failed to file a responsive pleading.

If Plaintiff proves his Amended Complaint was timely, then that defeats Defendants' excuse for not filing a timely motion to dismiss, and thus Plaintiff believes the Court will need to strike Defendants' over six (6) month late motion to dismiss (ECF 54) because the delay would not only be unwarranted but has greatly prejudiced plaintiff. Alternatively, even if the Court believes Plaintiff's Amended Complaint was untimely, Defendants never raised an objection to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint, and their opportunity to do so has long elapsed. Defendants should have filed a responsive pleading within 21 days due to Defendants' lack of objection.

Defendants takes a position of refusing to allow discovery to proceed so Plaintiff can fight for justice. Defendants refused to allow discovery from proceeding when the lawsuit was filed in Northern District of California. After the lawsuit was refiled in Southern

District of New York, Defendants refused to allow discovery from proceeding. Defendants 1 delayed discovery from proceeding by waiting over 7 months to file their motion to dismiss 2 and their motion to stay discovery. 3 Delaying discovery from beginning prejudices Plaintiff. Key witnesses such as 4 Shannon Buggy (Senior Vice President Human Resources) and Tracy Staines (Vice 5 President Human Resources) have already left Nielsen. Those two key witnesses were on 6 the termination call. Ms. Buggy was the person who terminated Liu. Here is a video 7 featuring the termination call: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J26u Poxnkk 8 Furthermore, although Nielsen was valued at over 16 billion dollars in 2022, and 9 claims to be the leader in audience measurement, they are still going through layoffs even 10 today. Plaintiff believes Nielsen plans to recruit alternate homes by phone and basic homes 11 in-person which would result in layoffs of more witnesses. Due to Nielsen's persistent 12 layoffs, every week discovery is delayed, the less and less witnesses both Plaintiff and 13 Defendants will have access to. Therefore, Defendants' filing their Motion to Dismiss (ECF 14 54) over 6 months late has prejudiced the court proceeding already. Plaintiff believes his 15

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

16

17

lawsuit is not time-barred.

Defendants' Delay has caused Stress to Plaintiff

claims are not time-barred and his Amended Complaint addresses the issue of why his

A person who sues their former employer is put through a lot of stress. Here, Plaintiff, he is suing as a pro se party, and is not a lawyer. Being pro se puts me at an even higher level of stress. The longer the lawsuit is unnecessarily delayed, the longer I have to suffer through the process. Defendants should have filed their answer within 21 days, and should not have had 7 months to think and draft their motion to dismiss (ECF 54). If Defendants had a shorter time-frame of 21 days instead of 7 months, they might not have submitted a well-crafted **26 page** motion to dismiss. I don't think I can even respond to everything Defendants wrote in their Motion to Dismiss by the deadline of March 11, 2024, even though an extension was sought. It is overwhelming. I didn't ask for 7 months to respond to their amended motion to dismiss because I only asked for 14 days even though I

didn't think it was enough time because previously I had requested in my proposed briefing 1 schedule (ECF 57) to set my response to Defendants' motion to dismiss (ECF 54) to be due 2 28 days after the Court rules on the motion to strike because I think my motion to strike 3 could dispose of Defendants' motion to dismiss in its entirety. Since the Court did not grant 4 that proposal in their order contained in Docket 61, I erred on the safe side and only 5 requested 14 additional days in my motion to extend time (ECF 62) as I was not bold 6 7 enough to ask for more time which I need. Obviously, Defendants believe they don't even need to ask for time until months after their deadline expired. Usually pro se parties are 8 9 granted more leeway because they usually aren't lawyers, but in this case, Defendants with 10 3 licensed attorneys believe they should be able to file a motion to dismiss (ECF 54) 7 months after the Amended Complaint. This doesn't seem like justice and this is why 11 Plaintiff is motioning to strike. 12 Plaintiff hasn't worked in the US since Nielsen. He has only had one job after 13 14 Nielsen which was as a teacher. Plaintiff was so psychologically affected by the racism, discrimination and retaliation that happened that he left the US to teach in China. Plaintiff 15 only taught for the 2019 to 2020 school year. After returning to the US to sue Nielsen back 16 in 2021 (lawsuit first filed in Northern District of California before being refiled in 17 Southern District of New York), Plaintiff has not had a job. The stress of litigation affects 18 19 Plaintiff's livelihood, puts stress on Plaintiff and at times is very hard to bear. Defendants' delay prejudices plaintiff because the unnecessary more than 6 month 20 delay further delays Plaintiff from seeking justice, resolution and closure to try to move on 21 with his life. Defendants have NEVER offered Plaintiff an offer that did not violate New 22 York General Obligations Law Section 5-336. Plaintiff refuses to agree to any settlement 23 that violates his first amendment rights which he holds to be important. Although Plaintiff 24 desperately wants closure and to move on, Plaintiff will never agree to be forbidden from 25 talking about the racism, discrimination and retaliation he experienced at Nielsen. 26 27 Plaintiff does not believe Defendants participated in the settlement mediation 28 overseen by Hon. Judge Wang in good faith. The amount that was proposed (without revealing the number) is just 23.5% of the amount (without revealing the number) of what

29

- 1 Defendants offered back in 2022 which although Plaintiff would have gladly accepted the
- 2 amount, Defendants tried to add conditions and force Plaintiff into confidentiality in
- 3 violation of NY GOL 5-336. Plaintiff believes Defendants used settlement back in 2022 as
- 4 a means of estoppel and promissory estoppel to prevent Plaintiff from filing an appeal to the
- 5 Ninth Circuit within 30 days after the Northern District of California lawsuit was dismissed
- 6 for lack of personal jurisdiction without prejudice instead of being transferred directly to
- 7 S.D.N.Y.
- Furthermore, the 23.5% amount proposed during the settlement mediation with Hon.
- 9 Judge Wang still put restrictions on Plaintiff's first amendment rights. NY GOL 5-336
- 10 makes it clear:

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

§ 5-336. Nondisclosure agreements. 1. (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no employer, its officers or employees shall have the authority to include or agree to include in any settlement, agreement or other resolution of any claim, the factual foundation for which involves discrimination, harassment, or retaliation, in violation of laws prohibiting discrimination, including discriminatory harassment or retaliation, including but not limited to, article fifteen of the executive law, any term or condition that would prevent the disclosure of the underlying facts and circumstances to the claim or action unless the condition of confidentiality is the complainant's preference.

Just because there were settlement mediation, it doesn't excuse Defendants from not filing a timely answer to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint especially when what they wanted was something Plaintiff could never give to Defendants (restrictions to Plaintiff's first amendment rights in violation to NY GOL 5-336). Just because there were settlement mediation, does not excuse Defendants from not raising the issue of Plaintiff's Amended Complaint or filing for an extension for their motion to dismiss before their 21 days expired.

It is no surprise that there is a link between racial discrimination and suicide as per the article here: https://uh.edu/news-events/stories/august-2020/08032020-rheeda-walker-racism-and-suicide-african-americans.php

28

Here is an except from the article:

"Our findings demonstrate that for Black adults, perceived discrimination serves as a sufficiently painful experience that is directly associated with higher capability to overcome one's inherent fear of death and achieve an increased capacity for self-harm," reports Rheeda Walker, professor of psychology and director of the University of Houston's Culture, Risk and Resilience Lab. As author of the newly released "The Unapologetic Guide to Black Mental Health," Walker is one of the leading researchers in the U.S. specializing in culture, race, mental health and suicide.

Although the topic of suicide is one extreme that may be uncomfortable to write about, the article has merit because it shows the devastation that racial discrimination can cause.

Plaintiff believes that <u>closure and resolution</u> is an important step to starting the healing process when someone experiences discrimination. Closure can come from a settlement, having one's day in court, or ultimately winning at trial. The longer a case is unnecessary delayed, the longer it can prolong the path to closure and healing.

Defendants' actions of filing a motion to dismiss over 6 months late have already prolonged Plaintiff's stress levels and delayed the ability for Plaintiff to move on and find closure. Had Defendants wanted to file their motion to dismiss (ECF 54) within 21 days after Plaintiff's Amended Complaint, they could have easily done so because they have 3 lawyers and if need be, Winston & Strawn (a big law firm) has more lawyers for them to seek assistance from. There is simply no good cause reason why Defendants waited so long, or failed to raise the issue of Plaintiff's Amended Complaint to the Court prior to the December 20, 2023 status conference. Many times, lawyers try to delay and wear out pro se plaintiffs so they will give up on their case. Plaintiff's sole focus is this lawsuit and getting justice. Unnecessary delays cause Plaintiff to grow older with his life being at a stand still at a low and stressful point in his life, and not have the closure he is looking for so he can try to move on with his life and start to climb out of the dark valley he has been stuck in for far too long. Plaintiff isn't paid hourly like Defendants' attorneys are to litigate

the lawsuit. This lawsuit shouldn't be personal to Defendants' attorneys because they are 1 paid to do a job, and delays don't mean much to them personally. This lawsuit shouldn't be 2 personal to Defendants because companies have no feelings and delays don't mean much to 3 them because companies don't biologically grow older. However, for Plaintiff this lawsuit 4 matters a lot to him and is personal and there has not been closure for several years and he 5 is getting older. The larger and larger employment history gap negatively affects Plaintiff. 6 Future employers may be cautious when seeing such a large gap because Plaintiff hasn't 7 worked in years. Everyday, Plaintiff thinks about what happened at Nielsen and it is 8 9 painful. The lawsuit would probably be a lot further along by now without Defendants' 10 unnecessary delay that not only has attributed to witnesses being laid off, but a personal toll on Plaintiff. 11 Had Defendants filed their motion to dismiss (ECF 54), over 6 months ago, it may 12 have already been decided by now. While Plaintiff believes his lawsuit is not time-barred 13 14 due to estoppel, promissory estoppel and other arguments and should be allowed to proceed to discovery, even if the Court somehow ruled against Plaintiff and dismissed the lawsuit, 15 Plaintiff would have appealed the decision and/or re-filed his lawsuit in the District of 16 Delaware (where Nielsen is incorporated) and Delaware has an even stronger savings laws 17 than New York because 10 Del. C. § 8118(a) protects claims from being time-barred where 18 19 they were timely brought in an incorrect forum. Plaintiff's first brought his lawsuit in the Northern District of California before the EEOC 90 day right to sue letter expired. The 20 lawsuit was refiled within 30 days of dismissal without prejudice for lack of personal 21 jurisdiction in the Southern District of New York. Hon. Judge White even suggested it be 22 refiled in Southern District of New York. Plaintiff was estopped from appealing Judge 23 White's ruling to the Ninth Circuit by Defendants' actions. While Plaintiff does not believe 24 his lawsuit is time-barred in the Southern District of New York (some of the arguments are 25 already contained in the Amended Complaint), Defendants' unnecessary delay in filing their 26 motion to dismiss (ECF 54) has prejudiced plaintiff. The Court need to strike Defendants' 27 28 Motion to Dismiss (ECF 54) due to the unnecessary delay and the prejudice it has already 29 caused.

1	Plaintiff Believes his Amended Complaint was Filed on Time	
2	It is undisputed Defendants failed to file a responsive pleading (answer or motion to	
3	dismiss) within 21 days after Plaintiff filed his Amended Complaint. Furthermore,	
4	December 20, 2023 was the first time Defendants brought up their allegations that	
5	Plaintiff's Amended Complaint was untimely with the Court.	
6	If the Court looks at the file date of Defendants' Motion to Dismiss (ECF 29) it has	
7	file date of May 23, 2023. In Defendants' notice of motion to dismiss (ECF 28), they	
8	informed Plaintiff he had 4 weeks to file an answering paper:	
9	PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that pursuant to Rule 11 of the Court's	
10	Individual Rules and Practices in Civil Pro Se Cases, answering papers are due to be served	
11	within four (4) weeks of service of this motion.	
12		
13	Although FRCP rule 15(B) allows Plaintiff to amend a complaint by right within 21 days	
14	after being served with a motion to dismiss, <u>Defendants' notice of motion (ECF 28) states</u> ,	
15	"answering papers are due to be served within four (4) weeks of service of this motion."	
16	Because an amended complaint moots a motion to dismiss, <u>Plaintiff believes</u>	
17	amended complaints are considered "answering papers." Furthermore, Plaintiff's Amende	
18	Complaint also argues why Plaintiff's lawsuit is not time-barred.	
19	Defendants specifically used the term "answering papers" which Plaintiff believes is	
20	implied consent that he could file an amended complaint within the 4 week deadline.	
21	In addition, to be on the safe side, Plaintiff even emailed a motion letter on June 12	
22	2023 to temporary_pro_se_filing@nysd.uscourts.gov asking for an extension (ECF 43)	
23	because Plaintiff believed he needed more time.	
24	Acknowledgment of Receipt D lebox 😝 🖰 🖸	
25	IMPORTANT INFORMATION, PLEASE REVIEW	
26	Your email has been received by the Pro Se Intake Unit of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. (This is not the United States Bankruptcy Court.) Documents from prose lighter at harder for ejection standards for electronic filling will be filed and will appear on the ECF docket within two business days of receipt (see required standards below). If you send your document by email and it is accepted for filing, you should not deliver a hard copy version to the court.	
27	Since the Court did not rule on the request for an extension promptly, Liu rushed to	
28	finish his amended complaint and got it in on time on June 20 which was on the 29th day.	

The reason for the extra day is because the day prior (the 28th day) was Juneteenth (a federal 1 holiday) and per FRCP 6(a), weekends and holidays are excluded as the final day. 2 Here is proof Plaintiff's Amended Complaint (ECF 44) was filed on June 20, 2023: 3 Notice of Electronic Filing 4 The following transaction was entered on 06/21/2023 at 11:36:21 AM EDT and filed on 06/20/2023 Liu v. The Nielsen Company (US) LLC et al 5 1:22-cv-09084-JHR-OTW Case Number: Filer: Frank Liu 6 **Document Number: 44** 7 Plaintiff would have loved to have some additional days to work on his Amended Complaint because it would give him more time to make his Amended Complaint stronger 8 9 and clearer, but since the Court never ruled on Plaintiff's request for extension (ECF 43), Plaintiff rushed to get his Amended Complaint in on time. Plaintiff's actions is strong 10 contrast to Defendants' actions of waiting over 7 months to file their Motion to Dismiss 11 (ECF 54). Defendants never petitioned the Court for an extension before their deadline 12 elapsed and only used a false excuse of Plaintiff's Amended Complaint being untimely to 13 get the extension by requesting a "briefing schedule" long after their 21 days had already 14 elapsed. 15 16 **Defendants Trickery** 17 On the January 30, 2024 motion to strike confer call, Plaintiff inquired about the 4 18 19 weeks Defendants put in their notice of motion. Mr. Smith said they were only quoting the Court's own rules. 20 After the call, Plaintiff pulled up the Court's rules that Mr. Smith claims they quoted, 21 and it is different than what Defendants wrote because Defendants used the key words: 22 "answering papers" while the Court used the key words: "oppositions to motions." 23 24 Here is a comparison: 25 **Exhibit A** (Defendants' ECF 28 "notice of motion"): 26 27 PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that pursuant to Rule 11 of the Court's Individual Rules and Practices in Civil Pro Se Cases, answering papers are due to be served 28 within four (4) weeks of service of this motion. 29

Exhibit B (What the Court actually wrote):

29

2	11. Filing and Service. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court, oppositions to motions shall be served and filed within four weeks of receipt of the motion papers, and reply	
3	papers, if any, shall be served and filed within two weeks of receipt of opposition papers. Motion papers are deemed filed and served pursuant to this Rule in accordance	
4	with the S.D.N.Y. <u>Electronic Case Filing Rules and Instructions</u> , the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, and the S.D.N.Y. <u>Local Rules</u> . Pursuant to Sections 3 and 9 of the Electronic Case Filing Rules and Instructions:	
5		
6	Plaintiff believes there might be a big difference between "answering papers" and	
7	"oppositions to motions" for a non-lawyer to interpret. A non-lawyer like Liu assumed that	
8	"answering papers" also covers amended complaints. It is clear that Defendants	
9	intentionally put in the word "answering papers" instead of the "oppositions to motions"	
10	wording contained in the Court's Individual Rules and Practices for Pro Se Cases documen	
11	which can be found at	
12	https://www.nysd.uscourts.gov/sites/default/files/practice_documents/JHR%20Rearden	
13	%20Individual%20Rules%20and%20Practices%20in%20Civil%20Pro%20Se	
14	%20Cases.pdf	
15	If Defendants claim Plaintiff has 4 weeks to submit "answering papers," Plaintiff did	
16	so via his Amended Complaint. Defendants should not be allowed to trick a pro se plaintiff	
17	to make him think he has 4 weeks to submit an Amended Complaint, and then go back on	
18	what they wrote, and say the amended complaint was untimely when submitted within	
19	those 4 weeks. Because Defendants stated Plaintiff has 4 weeks for "answering papers"	
20	then that should be implied consent from Defendants that Plaintiff had 4 weeks to submit	
21	his Amended Complaint. Otherwise, the Court would be rewarding attorneys who	
22	intentionally deceive pro se opponents. Furthermore, Plaintiff's Amended Complaint also	
23	argues that his claims are not time-barred which was the primary basis of Defendants'	
24	motion to dismiss (ECF 29).	
25	Despite Mr. Smith alleging they quoted the Court's rules, they didn't quote the Court	
26	because Defendants substituted in "answering papers" instead of "oppositions to motions"	
27	which deceived a non-lawyer Plaintiff.	
28	Plaintiff believes this Court needs to decide what "answering papers" are, and if	

amended complaints are considered "answering papers." Furthermore, this Court needs to

decide if Defendants are allowed to give unsolicited legal advice to unrepresented parties by

2 informing them they have 4 weeks to submit "answering papers" when Liu would never

3 have known about the 4 weeks had Defendants not wrote about it in their notice of motion

4 (ECF 28). Why didn't Defendants put in the exact due dates instead? Had Defendants not

informed Plaintiff he had 4 weeks, then Plaintiff would probably have submitted an even

more rushed version of the amended complaint at 21 days rather than be late on his

amended complaint.

Defendants' Purposeful Neglect

Defendants actions <u>does not</u> constitute excusable neglect. Defendants had the attorneys, legal staff and endless resources to meet their 21 day deadline, or file for an extension before the deadline expired. Defendants' actions have prejudiced Plaintiff's case by unnecessary delaying the start discovery. This lawsuit has been active in S.D.N.Y. for over a year, and to date, no discovery has occurred due to Defendants actions. Furthermore, Plaintiff needs the New Jersey Workers Compensation files and have been asking for them for years. Although Plaintiff's case was ultimately approved by Sedgwick, no payment has ever been issued to Plaintiff. Instead, Nielsen used up all of Plaintiff's personal, sick and vacation days during the time Nielsen prevented Plaintiff from going back to work before terminating him.

Defendants Filed to Preserve Their Record

Defendants failed to make a timely objection to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint filing date. Making timely objections is called "preserving your record" and Defendants failed to raise the issue of the timing of Plaintiff's Amended Complaint to the Court until December 20, 2023 which is too late. Defendants only raised the issue because they were asked by Hon. Judge Wang why Defendants haven't filed a responsive pleading to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint.

1 Conclusion

Defendants never struck Plaintiff's amended complaint. Defendants never objected 2 to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint. Defendants only accused Plaintiff of being untimely on 3 the December 20, 2023 status conference after they were asked by Judge Wang why 4 Defendants hasn't filed a responsive pleading in response to Plaintiff's Amended 5 Complaint. Defendants should not be allowed to file their responding pleading over 6 6 months late. Plaintiff objected within 14 days of the December 20, 2023 status conference 7 in an email sent to Judge Wang and Defendants' attorneys. Defendants' over 6 month late 8 9 filing prejudices plaintiff because the company has been (and still is) going through layoffs 10 and as layoffs increase, more and more witnesses have left Nielsen and it would be more difficult to do interrogatories and other discovery. Several key witnesses have already left 11 Nielsen. The longer Defendants delay discovery, the more it will prejudice Plaintiff's case. 12 Furthermore, litigating an employment discrimination lawsuit as a pro se plaintiff is already 13 stressful. Defendants' gamesmanship has not only prolonged Plaintiff's stress, it has 14 delayed Plaintiff's journey to find closure and to try to move on with his life. 15 Plaintiff believes Defendants should have filed their motion to dismiss on time, or 16 sought leave from the court for an extension before the deadline expired. The mere 17 possibility that the parties might resolve their dispute does not excuse Defendants from 18 19 following the rules of civil procedure (especially considering Defendants filed their motion to dismiss more than 6 months late). Plaintiff's position has been clear that he is not going 20 to agree to restrictions on his first amendment rights and Plaintiff does not have to as 21 supported by NY General Obligations Law, Section 5-336. 22 Defendants failed to timely seek an order granting them an extension to file their 23 amended complaint. Instead, they first brought up why they didn't file a responsive 24 pleading to the Court when they were asked by Judge Wang on the December 20, 2023 25 status conference. Defendants used a false narrative and accused Plaintiff of being untimely 26 on his amended complaint as reason why Defendants held off filing their motion to dismiss. 27 Defendants is still refusing to release discovery materials and has filed a motion to 28 stay discovery pending resolution of their late filed motion to dismiss (ECF 54). This 29

1	prejudices plaintiff because Nielsen is doing layoffs and people who were at Nielsen who		
2	are witnesses, may have already been laid off during this delay.		
3	Plaintiff believes Defendants' entire motion to dismiss should be stricken due to their		
4	unnecessary delay in filing it. Defendants should NOT have waited 7 months to file their		
5	motion to dismiss. Having 7 months to file a motion to dismiss further prejudices Plaintiff		
6	because he is not getting 7 months to respond to Defendants' motion to dismiss.		
7	Defendants had 7 months to draft their motion and the more time someone has the stronger		
8	they can make their arguments. Lawyers should not game the system.		
9	Plaintiff respectfully requests that the Court strike Defendants' untimely Motion to		
10	Dismiss and restore the case to its proper course so that discovery can finally proceed		
11	without any further delay because Nielsen is still doing layoffs and more witnesses will be		
12	laid off. Defendant's failure to file their Motion to Dismiss (ECF 54) within 21 days of		
13	Plaintiff's complaint warrants the striking of their untimely Motion to Dismiss. Striking the		
14	untimely motion will help preserve the integrity of the justice and ensure that the parties are		
15	treated fairly. Therefore, Plaintiff asks the Court to immediately strike Defendants untimely		
16	Motion to Dismiss (ECF) 54 and order	them to file an answer within 21 days of the Court's	
17	decision.		
18		Respectfully submitted,	
19		Frank Live	
20		Grand mr	
21	Dated 2/26/2024	Frank Liu	
22		Pro Se Plaintiff	
23			
24			
25			
2627			
28			
29			
30			